

# **Grade 8 Unit 1: Introduction to Python Programming**

### **Unit Focus**

**Python** is one of the most popular computer programming languages in the world. It was first released in the 1990's and is now used to build millions of apps, games, and websites. Python is a great language for getting started with text-based computer programming. Many schools and universities use it to teach coding. Here are some of the reasons that Python's so useful.

- Easy to read and write
- Works everywhere
- Comes with everything needed to start coding right away
- Packed with lots of useful tools and pre-programmed code (Standard Library)

Problem solving is a necessary skill when working in any computer programming language. Students will be expected to expand their troubleshooting capabilities throughout this unit. All activities are designed to further encourage problem solving skills.

Students will see similarities between Python and previously taught concepts in Scratch. A culminating PBA will have the students create a computer program that relies on variable user input to draw a customized graphic.

#### **Stage 1: Desired Results - Key Understandings** Standard(s) **Transfer** Develop a product/solution that adheres to key parameters (e.g., cost, timeline, restrictions, available Standards T1 resources and audience). Explore and hone techniques, skills, methods, and processes to create and innovate **Connecticut Goals and Standards** Computer Information Systems: 8 Meaning Strand 1: Demonstrate the ability to code. (CIS.6.1) Apply design principles to programming tasks. (CIS.6.1.1.2) **Understanding(s) Essential Ouestion(s)** Test, debug, and document code. (CIS.6.1.I.3) Programming languages, such as Python, are 01 How does one use computer programming very user-friendly and useful in allowing programmers (coding) to complete a task? CSTA: Computer Science Standards (2017-) and end-users to complete tasks, yet they are confining Q2 How do I troubleshoot why my code is not CSTA: 6-8 and leave no margin for error. working as intended? Algorithms & Programming (2-AP) Programmers debug and revise their programs What kind of applications call for Create clearly named variables that represent different data to improve the stability of the program and end user programming with textual code instead of block code? types and perform operations on their values. (2-AP-11) experience. Create procedures with parameters to organize code and make it Textual code allows programmers to design easier to reuse. (2-AP-14) more sophisticated programs and customize them without limits.

# **Stage 1: Desired Results - Key Understandings**

Incorporate existing code, media, and libraries into original programs, and give attribution. (2-AP-16)

Document programs in order to make them easier to follow, test, and debug. (2-AP-19)

## ITEEA - Standards for Technological Literacy

Technological Literacy: K-12

Technology and Society

Students will develop an understanding of the cultural, social, economic, and political effects of technology. (4)

Abilities for a Technological World

Students will develop the abilities to use and maintain technological products and systems. (12)

The Designed World

Students will develop an understanding of and be able to select and use information and communication technologies. (17)

#### **Other Goals**

### Madison Public Schools Profile of a Graduate

Product Creation: Effectively use a medium to communicate important information. (*POG.3.2*)

Self-Awareness: Examining current performance critically to identify steps/strategies to persist. (*POG.4.1*)

U4 Programming uses logic to turn programming constructs into a language a computer can interpret and apply.

U5 Algorithms have the potential to affect different aspects of our society by changing people's perceptions and behaviors.

# Acquisition of Knowledge and Skill

K1 The difference between textual coding vs. block coding. K2 The differences between the two main windows (Shell and Editor). K3 Vocabulary: Print command, function, modules, syntax, input variables, string, loops, logic, comment, if statements, operator, conditional statements K4 Branching is a conditional statement that controls the flow of execution depending on some condition using keywords such as if, elif, and else. K5 The sequential flow process of a Python program. K6 Python comments are a method for programmers to annotate their code  S1 Open the Python software, save a Python file with a .py extension, and run a Python module. S2 Demonstrate troubleshooting techniques within the process of finding and removing syntax errors within Python code S3 Identify and correctly use the print command S4 Utilize various types of variables within a program's code - predefined & input. S5 Write functional lines of code following the syntax of the software. S6 Follow a program's logic by closely reading and analyzing the program.	Acquisition of Knowledge and Skin		
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