

Combat Literature Unit 2 - Anti-War "What is it good for?"

Unit Focus

The Vietnam War was an era of conflicting attitudes among Americans. Despite the overwhelming number of men drafted to fight, not all Americans supported the country's involvement in the war. Students will explore the causes and effects of the war, understand the differences between American attitudes toward that war and that of WWII, and analyze the cultural phenomena of the 60's and 70's including film and music and their influences on the growing protest movement. Students will examine the ways the Vietnam experience influences American attitudes toward war in the 21st Century.

STAGE 1: DESIRED RESULTS – KEY UNDERSTANDINGS					
ESTABLISHED GOALS	TRANSFER				
Common Core Standards English Language Arts: 12 919558 Reading Literature	T1 Come to discussions with support for ideas, having asked probing questions and having analyzed appropriate evidence. T2 Evaluate the author's message and purpose, citing text evidence to support conclusions. T3 Identify and critique the merit and purpose of a text, citing craft, structure and organization to justify opinion.				
• CCSS.ELA-LITERACY.RL.11-12.1 Cite strong and thorough textual evidence to support analysis of what the text says explicitly as well as inferences drawn from the text, including determining where the text leaves matters uncertain.					
919568 Reading: Informational Text	T4 Compare and contrast informational and literary texts to synthesize information to grow and change a position.				
• CCSS.ELA-LITERACY.RI.11-12.1 Cite strong and thorough textual	MEANING				
evidence to support analysis of what the text says explicitly as well as inferences drawn from the text, including determining where the text leaves	UNDERSTANDINGS	ESSENTIAL QUESTIONS			
matters uncertain. • CCSS.ELA-LITERACY.RI.11-12.6 Determine an author's point of view or purpose in a text in which the rhetoric is particularly effective, analyzing how style and content contribute to the power, persuasiveness or beauty of the text. • CCSS.ELA-LITERACY.RI.11-12.7 Integrate and evaluate multiple sources of information presented in different media or formats (e.g., visually, quantitatively) as well as in words in order to address a question or solve a problem. 919579 Writing • CCSS.ELA-LITERACY.W.11-12.1 Write arguments to support claims in an analysis of substantive topics or texts, using valid reasoning and relevant and sufficient evidence. 919590 Speaking & Listening	U1 Readers support their conclusions (inferences and interpretations) by citing evidence within the text. U2 Readers and writers come to discussions prepared with text evidence to support their ideas or point of view. U3 Readers and writers engage in discourse to suspend judgment, consider multiple perspectives, and become independent thinkers.	Q1 What are the emotional effects of the Vietnam War? Q2 What is an American hero and how does the hero compare or contrast the American soldier? Q3 What is war's effect on innocence? Q4 What is courage? Q5 How can one be moral? Q6 Whose story is it? Q7 What is a just war?			

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• CCSS.ELA-LITERACY.SL.11-12.4 Present information, findings, and supporting evidence, conveying a clear and distinct perspective, such that listeners can follow the line of reasoning, alternative or opposing perspectives are addressed, and the organization, development, substance, and style are appropriate to purpose, audience, and a range of formal and informal tasks.

CCSS.ELA-LITERACY.SL.11-12.1 Initiate and participate effectively in a range of collaborative discussions (one-on-one, in groups, and teacher-led) with diverse partners on grades 11-12 topics, texts, and issues, building on others' ideas and expressing their own clearly and persuasively.

- CCSS.ELA-LITERACY.SL.11-12.1.A Come to discussions prepared, having read and researched material under study; explicitly draw on that preparation by referring to evidence from texts and other research on the topic or issue to stimulate a thoughtful, well-reasoned exchange of ideas.
- CCSS.ELA-LITERACY.SL.11-12.1.B Work with peers to promote civil, democratic discussions and decision-making, set clear goals and deadlines, and establish individual roles as needed.
- CCSS.ELA-LITERACY.SL.11-12.1.C Propel conversations by posing and responding to questions that probe reasoning and evidence; ensure a hearing for a full range of positions on a topic or issue; clarify, verify, or challenge ideas and conclusions; and promote divergent and creative perspectives.
- CCSS.ELA-LITERACY.SL.11-12.1.D Respond thoughtfully to diverse perspectives; synthesize comments, claims, and evidence made on all sides of an issue; resolve contradictions when possible; and determine what additional information or research is required to deepen the investigation or complete the task.

Student Growth and Development 21st Century Capacities Matrix Critical Thinking

• Analyzing: Students will be able to examine information/data/evidence to make inferences and identify possible underlying assumptions, patterns, and relationships.

Collaboration/Communication

• Collective Intelligence: Students will be able to work respectfully and responsibly with others, exchanging and evaluating ideas to achieve a common objective.

	ACQUISITION OF KNOWLEDGE AND SKILL				
	KNOWLEDGE	SKILLS			
Σ,	K1 How to analyze the evolution of attitudes toward war. K2 How to analyze individual responsibility and morality of war. K3 The historical background of the Vietnam War K4 The elements of writer's craft, particularly the structure of a memoir.	Recognizing common motifs of innocence, courage, challenge of individuality, effects of war S2 Discussing opposed opinions in a respectful manner S3 Reconciling the divisive/divided attitudes of Americans during the Vietnam era. S4 Reflecting on/evaluating their own performance and that of others in classroom discussion			
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