

PK-12 Stage One: Guiding Document

Content: Mathematics

PK-12 Long-term Transfer Goal(s):

Long-term aims of the PK-12 program: An overall end result of a student's education in Madison.

Students will be able to independently use their learning to:

Transfer Goals

- 1) model relationships among quantities.
- 2) manipulate equations/expressions or objects to create order and establish relationships.
- 3) represent and interpret patterns in numbers, data and objects.
- 4) draw conclusions about graphs, shapes, equations, or objects.
- 5) demonstrate fluency with math facts, computation and concepts.
- 6) make sense of a problem, initiate a plan, execute it, and evaluate the reasonableness of the solution.
- 7) use appropriate tools to make reaching solutions more efficient, accessible and accurate.
- 8) apply familiar mathematical concepts to a new problem or apply a new concept to rework a familiar problem.
- 9) evaluate the accuracy and efficiency of a given solution.
- 10) justify reasoning using clear and appropriate mathematical language.

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Standards:	Understandings:	Essential Questions:
<p>Habits of Mind</p> <p>CCSS.Math.Practice.MP1 Make sense of problems and persevere in solving them</p> <p>CCSS.Math.Practice.MP6 Attend to precision.</p>	<p>Effective problem solvers work to make sense of the problem before trying to solve it.</p> <p>Mathematicians identify relevant tools, strategies, relationships, and/or information in order to draw conclusions.</p> <p>Mathematicians create dependable arguments by calculating efficiently and accurately.</p> <p>Mathematicians overcome obstacles by employing strategies and learn from success and failure.</p>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • How does a problem solver think? • What is the problem? • How can I break a problem down into manageable parts? • Does this solution make sense? • How can I use symbols to communicate? • What methods can I use to monitor my thinking/accuracy? • How do I work through problems without giving up?
<p>Reasoning and Explaining</p> <p>CCSS.Math.Practice.MP2 Reason abstractly and quantitatively</p> <p>CCSS.Math.Practice.MP3 Construct viable arguments and critique the reasoning of others.</p>	<p>Mathematicians flexibly use different tools, strategies, and operations to build conceptual knowledge or solve problems.</p> <p>Mathematicians argue the relationships between problem scenarios and mathematical representation.</p> <p>Mathematicians compare the</p>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • How can I explain this mathematically? • What does the solution tell me? • What is another way that this problem could be solved? • What do I need to support my answer? • How would someone critique my answer? • How can I use what I know to help me find what is missing?

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Standards:	Understandings:	Essential Questions:
	<p>effectiveness of various arguments, by analyzing and critiquing solution pathways.</p> <p>Mathematicians think flexibly by asking useful questions to clarify or improve their arguments.</p>	
<p>Modeling and Using Tools</p> <p>CCSS.Math.Practice.MP4 Model with mathematics.</p> <p>CCSS.Math.Practice.MP5 Use appropriate tools strategically.</p>	<p>Mathematicians apply the mathematics they know to solve problems occurring in everyday life.</p> <p>Mathematicians are able to make assumptions and approximations to simplify a complicated situation.</p> <p>Mathematicians create or use models to examine, describe, solve and/or make predictions.</p> <p>Mathematicians identify relevant tools, strategies, relationships, and/or information in order to draw conclusions.</p>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • What math tools/models/strategies can I use to solve the problem? • How can I simplify the problem? • How do I decide if my answer makes sense and if not, what do I do? • What is the best way to show my thinking?

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Standards:	Understandings:	Essential Questions:
<p>Structure and Generalizing</p> <p>CCSS.Math.Practice.MP7 Look for and make use of structure.</p> <p>CCSS.Math.Practice.MP8 Look for and express regularity in repeated reasoning.</p>	<p>Mathematicians examine relationships to discern a pattern, generalizations, or structure.</p> <p>Mathematicians continually evaluate their process and the reasonableness of the intermediate results.</p> <p>Mathematicians understand that placing a problem in a category gives one a familiar approach to solving it.</p>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • What is the most efficient way to solve this problem? • How can understanding a pattern help me? • What have I seen in the past that might help me now?
<p>Number and Operations</p> <p>Counting and Cardinality</p> <p>Number & Operations in Base Ten</p> <p>Number & Operations in Fractions</p> <p>The Number System</p> <p>Number & Quantity</p> <p>Ratios & Proportional Relationships</p>	<p>Mathematicians use numbers, ways of representing numbers, relationships among numbers, and number systems to build meaning.</p> <p>Mathematicians examine the impact of operations and how they relate to one another.</p> <p>Mathematicians use number sense to compute fluently and make reasonable estimates.</p>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • What is another way to represent this number? • How do operations relate to one another? • How do predictable patterns help us? • How does estimating help me? • How can seeing numbers inside of other numbers help me to understand them? • Have I used what I understand about numbers to make this easier? • How can I decompose a number to make it easier to work with?

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Standards:	Understandings:	Essential Questions:
<p>Algebraic Thinking Operations and Algebraic Thinking Expressions and Equations Algebra Functions</p>	<p>Mathematicians can describe patterns, relations, and/or functions to access strategies to solve problems.</p> <p>Mathematicians represent and analyze mathematical situations and structures using algebraic symbols to communicate thinking.</p> <p>Mathematicians use models to represent and make meaning of quantitative relationships.</p> <p>Mathematicians analyze change and make predictions in various contexts.</p>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • How do you express and describe a pattern and use it to make predictions and solve a problem? • What is meant by equality? • How do I think about what is equal and not equal? • How can change be described? • How can a variable/ expression / equation/graph tell a story? • How do I interpret this mathematical model?
<p>Measurement and Data Statistics and Probability</p>	<p>Mathematicians select and use appropriate statistical methods and tools to analyze data, show trends, and describe or make predictions.</p> <p>Mathematicians formulate questions that can be analyzed with data to evaluate inferences, make predictions and/or communicate an answer.</p>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • How does what we measure affect how we measure? • How can measurement help me describe what I see? • How can chance inform choice? • How can presentation change interpretation?

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Standards:	Understandings:	Essential Questions:
<p>Geometry</p>	<p>Mathematicians use geometric models, and spatial sense to interpret and make sense of the physical environment.</p> <p>Mathematicians analyze characteristics and properties of geometric shapes to develop mathematical arguments about geometric relationships.</p> <p>Mathematicians apply transformations and/or use symmetry to analyze mathematical situations and solve problems.</p>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • How does classifying bring clarity? • How can constructing and deconstructing help me know what to do? • How can I use what I know in the world? • What makes these shapes similar? Different? • What are the similarities and differences between the images and pre-images generated by translations?

- MP1** Make sense of problems and persevere in solving them
- MP2** Reason abstractly and quantitatively
- MP3** Construct viable arguments and critique the reasoning of others
- MP4** Model with Mathematics
- MP5** Use appropriate tools strategically
- MP6** Attend to precision
- MP7** Look for and make use of structure
- MP8** Look for and express regularity in repeated reasoning